Class 7V- Explorer Curriculum – RS/2 Lessons weekly

Year	2023 – 2024 Autumn 1 Unit 1	2023 – 2024 Autumn 2 Unit 2	2023 – 2024 Spring 1 Unit 3	2023 – 2024 Spring 2 Unit 4	2023 – 2024 Summer 1 Unit 5	2023 – 2024 Summer 2 Unit 6
Year 7	Topic: The Nativity	Topic: The Nativity	Topic: Judaism	Topic: Judaism	Topic: Islam	Topic: Islam
. • • •	Cultivating Inclusion, Identity and Belonging.	Expressing joy and being thankful.	Being accountable and living with integrity. Being courageous and confident.	Being regardful of suffering. Being merciful and forgiving.	Being silent and attentive to, cultivating a sense for the transcendence and sacred.	Recognise that personal belief is important to well-being.
	Key Questions: What is the Christmas story? How is Christmas celebrated? Why did the three wise men share gifts with baby Jesus?	Key Questions: Why is the manger so important? What might Christians do at Church at Christmas? What is the Christian place of worship? How can Christians show their identity?	Key Questions: What was the first covenant between Abraham and God? Why did Moses lead the Israelites out of Egypt? Where do Jews worship today?	Key Questions: What is the Torah? What are the Jewish festivals? What do Jews believe about the Messiah? How do Jews express their faith today?	Key questions: How did the religion of Islam begin? What do Muslims believe? What are the five pillars of Islam?	Key questions: What is the holy book of Islam? Where do Muslims worship? What are the festivals of Islam?
	Key skills and knowledge:	Key skills and knowledge:	Key skills and knowledge:	Key skills and knowledge:	Key skills and knowledge:	Key skills and knowledge:
	 1/2.What is the Christmas story? Christmas is a Christian celebration. Christmas can be celebrated by non-Christians. How to read a calendar The story of Jesus' birth. 	7/8.Why is the manger so important? • Where was Jesus born. • What The Bible is. • Reading extracts from The Bible. • That the manger represents the table of God.	 1/2.What was the first covenant between Abraham and God? Abraham living in Ur as a polytheist. The covenant, monotheism, with the promise of land, children and descendants. Abraham's journey to Canaan. 	 7/8.What is the Torah? The sacred text of Judaism. Revelation and covenant between God and Moses on Sinai. The five books of the Torah. The Shema prayer. 	1/2.How did the religion of Islam begin? • The historical Muhammad, including the region in which Islam began and expanded from (Mecca and Medina within modern day Saudi Arabia).	6/7.What is the holy book of Islam? •The Qur'an as the word of God, delivered by the angel Jibril and recited by Muhammad. •The respect that the Qur'an is treated with by Muslims. •The status of the Qur'an as a source of
	3/4. How is	9/10.What might	 God's test of 	9/10.What are the	The belief that the	wisdom and authority.

Curriculum intent (overview) – To deepen students' skills and knowledge through a broad and balanced curriculum which prepares students for adulthood.

- Christmas celebrated?
- Christian places of worship.
- Christmas traditions.
- 5/6. Why did the three wise men share gifts with baby Jesus?
- The significance of incarnation.
- Identify the names of the Three Wise Men.
- Where gold, frankincense and myrrh come from.
- The symbolic importance of each gift.

- Christians do at Church at Christmas?
- Christmas services.
- Hvmns.
- Sermons.
- 11/12.What is the Christian place of worship?
- Features of a Church.
- Why Christians go to Church.
- What Christians do in a Church.
- Ministries within Christianity.
- 13/14. How can Christians show their identity?
- Identifying the symbols associated with Christianity.
- A variety of expressions of Christian faith.

Assessment

- Abraham through the command to sacrifice of Isaac. God's intervention and its significance.
- 3/4. Why did Moses lead the Israelites out of Egypt?
- How the Hebrews (or Israelites) moved to Egypt and were persecuted by the Pharaoh.
- The Ten Plagues and the first Passover.
- Receiving the Ten Commandment.
- The Golden Calf.
- 5/6. Where do Jews worship today?
- Different synagogues around the world.
- Common features of a synagogue (Eternal Light, Ark of the Covenant, Torah, Yad, Bimah).

- Jewish festivals?
- Rosh Hashanah.
- Yom Kippur.
- Pesach (Passover).
- Hanukkah.
- 11/12.What do Jews believe about the Messiah?
- Difference in interpretation of scripture.
- Extracts from Isaiah, Ezekiel and Jeremiah.
- The Messiah as a person and the idea of the Messianiac Age.
- The concept of prophecy.
- 13/14. How do Jews express their faith today?
- Prayer.
- Worship.
 Lived experience from different denominations within Judaism.

- Muhammad was the final prophet and messenger of God.
- Muhammad had many revelations which were later written down.
- 3/4.What do Muslims believe?
- How Islam means 'submission'.
- Belief in the existence and oneness of God (Allah).
- Belief in the existence of angels.
- Belief in the existence of the books of which God is the author: especially the Quran (revealed to Muhammad).
- Belief in the existence of all Prophets. <u>Essential</u> <u>additional subject-</u> <u>specific information</u>
- Belief in the existence of the Day of Judgement. Belief in the existence of God's predestination.
- 5.What are the five pillars of Islam?
- Shahada: the declaration that, 'There is no god but God, and Muhammad is the Messenger of God'.

- 8/9.Where do Muslims worship?
- Prayer taking place within the Sujud position (prostration).
- Prayer as an act of submission to Allah.
- 10/11.What are the festivals of Islam?
- The Holy month of Eid-al-fitr: the end of Ramadan.

Assessment outcomes:

Assessment outcomes:

Curriculum intent (overview) – To deepen students' skills and knowledge through a broad and balanced curriculum which prepares students for adulthood.

	Assessment outcome: Can join in with some religious rituals; bowing in prayer, outing hands together. (P6) Begins to understand that other people have needs and to respect them. (P7) Pre and post topic assessments.	ls aware of their actions and influence on events and other people. (P6) Uses simple phrases to communicate their ideas about religions events and experiences. (P7) Pre and post topic assessments.	Expresses and communicates feelings in different ways. (P6) Works with another in group activity. (P7) Pre and post topic assessments.	They can listen and begin to respond to familiar religious stories, music or poems (P6). Can recognise and name main characters through drama. (P7) Pre and post topic assessments.	Assessment outcomes: Shows concern and sympathy for others in distress. [for example, through gestures, facial expressions or by offering comfort]. (P6) Answers simple religious questions with limited choices.(P7) Pre and post topic assessments.	Assessment outcome: Can independently over write simple religious words. (P6). They can evaluate their own work and behaviour in simple ways. Beginning to identify some actions as right or wrong on the basis of the consequence. (P7) Pre and post topic assessments.
Links to Gatsby Benchmark.	4. Linking curriculum learning to careers. Students to consider what skills are needed to access the opportunities they are interested in. Research.	Gatsby Benchmark 3. Addressing the needs of each pupil. Students to consider what skills are needed to access the opportunities they are interested in. Research.	5. Encounters with employers and employees. Students to consider what skills are needed to access the opportunities they are interested in. Research.	4. Linking curriculum learning to careers. Students to consider what skills are needed to access the opportunities they are interested in. Research.	Gatsby Benchmark 3. Addressing the needs of each pupil. Students to consider what skills are needed to access the opportunities they are interested in. Research.	5. Encounters with employers and employees. Students to consider what skills are needed to access the opportunities they are interested in. Research.